Evolution Engines 45GX2/58GX2

USER GUIDE



Before using this engine, please read these instructions carefully.

Introduction

Congratulations on your purchase of the newest and one of the most technically advanced 2-stroke gas model airplane engines in the world. Whether you are new to the sport of model aviation or an experienced flyer, you will enjoy the features of the new Evolution® GX engine.

Evolution engines are designed to be the most powerful in their class, extremely easy to start and operate, and provide years of enjoyable service. These engines incorporate many unique features designed to ensure success with your new engine.

This user's guide is intended to provide the basic information required to operate and maintain your Evolution GX engine.

Important: While the Evolution engine is extremely easy to operate, if this is your first experience flying a model airplane, it is highly recommended that you have the help of an experienced modeler during the first few flights. Your local hobby shop or flying club can put you in touch with an experienced pilot in your area.

Evolution® Engines 2-Year Warranty

This Evolution Engines product is guaranteed to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 2 years from the date of purchase by the original owner. This warranty is not transferable. Horizon Hobby reserves the right to inspect any and all equipment involved in a warranty claim. Repair or replacement decisions are also determined by Horizon Hobby, Inc. Collateral damage of any type is not covered under this warranty.

This warranty does not cover any component parts damaged or changed by modification. In no case shall Horizon Hobby or Evolution Engines liability exceed the original cost of the engine.

This warranty does not apply to wear from normal use; damage or defects resulting from misuse, neglect or abuse; damage caused by customer disassembly, use of substandard fuel, use of incorrect accessories (spark plug, propeller, etc.); or damage resulting from a crash, or any use of this engine other than for which it is specifically intended. Any of the above will automatically void the warranty of the engine.

In that Horizon Hobby has no control over the final installation and use of this product, the materials used in installation, or the product in which this engine is installed, no liability shall be assumed nor accepted for any damage resulting in

the use of this product once it is installed. By the act of using the installed product, the user accepts all resulting liability. If the buyer is not prepared to accept the liability associated with the installation and/or use of this product, the buyer is advised to return the engine immediately in new and unused condition to the place of purchase.

Should your engine require warranty or non-warranty repair service, please package it carefully and return it to the address below, along with a copy of the original invoice or receipt and a detailed letter explaining the problems. Write your name, address and daytime phone number clearly on the letter and return it via FedEx, UPS or insured Parcel Post (Evolution Engines will not be responsible for product lost en route).

For repairs not covered under warranty, please specify in your letter whether you want an estimate of the repair charges prior to performing the service (which may cause a slight delay). Payment for non-warranty repairs should be made by credit card or money order. If you have any questions concerning this or other Evolution products please contact the Horizon Product Support Team at 877-504-0233.

Evolution/Horizon Service Center

4105 Fieldstone Road, Champaign, IL 61822 877-504-0233 productsupport@horizonhobby.com

Mounting the Engine

Most model airplane designs make provision for an engine mount. It is extremely important that the engine mount be securely attached to the airplane's firewall and that the engine is securely attached to the engine mount. Follow the instructions included with the airplane for mounting the engine. The engine should be fastened in place with 4 screws. Use 1/4" or 6mm screws. If you decided to fasten the engine using a flexible motor mount, always choose parts with enough solidity and strength. Make sure all screws are tightened and regularly check that they remain tight and in good condition.

Important: Air is necessary to cool the engine during operation. Make sure that sufficient air circulation through the cowling is provided. As a basic reference, the outlet area should be 3–5 times the area of the inlet area to provide adequate cooling.

Throttle Linkage

Carefully attach the throttle linkage to the engine using a ball link on the carburetor. Make sure that the linkage is free to operate from low throttle to high throttle and confirm that the low throttle setting on the transmitter closes the carburetor butterfly to the low idle position. Adjust the length of the pushrod until full throttle opens the carburetor butterfly fully, while low throttle, low trim completely closes the butterfly.

Attaching the Fuel Lines

Use medium gasoline-compatible fuel line in the fuel tank as well as the supply line to the engine.

Fuel for the Evolution Gas Engine

The Evolution gas engine has been designed to run on a mixture of high-quality unleaded gasoline and synthetic oil intended for racing 2-stroke gasoline engines. For the break-in period of the new engine, mix the fuel in a ratio of 30 parts gasoline to 1 part lubricant. After break in, use a ratio of 40 parts gasoline to 1 part lubricant.

Selecting a Suitable Propeller

The Evolution 45GX and 58GX have been designed to generate maximum power at 6100–6300 rpm, according to the type of exhaust used. If you wish to utilize the maximum power output, choose a propeller which will allow the engine to reach these revolutions, or slightly lower revolutions (The engine will unload in the air depending on the aircraft speed and propeller selected).

We do not recommend using propellers that allow the engine to reach more than 7500 rpm on the ground.

Suggested Propeller Dimensions

These engines (45GX2 and 58GX2) are designed for optimum performance and torque when operated between 6100–6400 rpm. Choose your propeller according to the chart and to achieve approximately 6300 rpm on the ground for best performance and the lowest noise signature. Maximum horsepower occurs between 7200–7400 rpm, but expect much higher propeller noise at these tip speeds.

	Aerobatics				Scale	flying			
45GX	Two-blade	22x8	22x10		23x8	23x10	24x8	24x10	
TOUN	Three-blade		21x10		21x12	22x8	22x10		
58GX	Two-blade	24x10	26x8	26x10		24x8	24x9	24x10	24x12
JUUN					25x7	25x8	25x9	25x10	25x12
					26x7	26x8	26x9	26x10	
	Three-blade	24x12			22x12	24x9	24x10		

Fuel for the Evolution Gas Engine

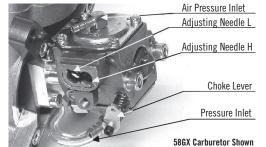
The Evolution® Gas engine has been designed to run on a mixture of high-quality unleaded gasoline and synthetic oil intended for racing 2-stroke gasoline engines. For the run-in period of the new engine, mix the fuel in a ratio of 30 parts gasoline to 1 part lubricant. After run-in, use a ratio of 40 parts gasoline to 1 part lubricant.

Starting the Engine

The new Evolution Engine carburetor comes adjusted to a basic setting. This setting should be maintained during the initial break in runs.

Before you first start the engine, make sure that the spark plug is screwed in and tightened and that the plug socket is fitted in place and fastened down properly. Fix the ignition sensor in the proper position above the magnet with the screws enclosed. Follow the directions in the Ignition System addendum to program the ignition module in your model.

Important: *Never turn the engine over with the ignition turned* on unless the spark plug is inserted in the plug socket. This could lead to ignition damage.



Carburetor Adjustments 45GX

Basic setting: Adjust needle (L) for low rpm range 2 turns. Adjust needle (H) for high rpm 1 turn and 30 minutes.

Carburetor Adjustments 58GX

Basic setting: Adjust needle (L) for low rpm range 1 turn and 45 minutes. Adjust needle (H) for high rpm 1 turn and 45 minutes.

Starting With Easy Start Feature

- 1) Make sure the ignition switch is on and the throttle is set at a slightly high idle setting. Be sure to have a helper hold the model securely. The Easy Start feature will have the choke closed at this time. Give the propeller a few quick flips. If the engine starts, the Easy Start system will automatically open the choke, and modulate its position as necessary to keep the engine running until warm.
- 2) If the engine does not start immediately, please note the following:
 - a) The Easy Start System will keep the choke closed for the first 4 flips of the propeller, then;
 - b) The choke will go to a half-open position for the next 4 flips of the propeller, then;
 - c) The choke will be fully opened for the next 4 flips of the propeller, then;
 - d) The Easy Start system will start the entire sequence over again by closing completely the choke.
- 3) The above steps assure a situation that will not flood the engine, and allow for easy starting procedures, whether it is your first, or your tenth, flight of the day.

Starting the Engine Continued

Starting Without Easy Start Feature

- 1) When you are ready to start your engine, make sure that the ignition is switched off, the choke valve is closed and the throttle valve is partly open. Confirm that fuel is filling the fuel line to the carburetor then switch the ignition to the on position. Flip the propeller smartly until the engine fires. With the choke in the closed position, the engine will fire then quit.
- 2) Open the choke valve and set the throttle at a slightly high idle position. Be sure to have a helper hold the model securely. Give the propeller a few quick flips. When the engine starts, allow it to idle for 30–45 seconds in order for it to warm up to operating temperature. At this point you can proceed to test the carburetor settings before flying your model. See the following section regarding carburetor adjustment.
- 3) If the engine does not start, leave the throttle at the high idle position, turn the ignition off, then on and close the choke valve. Start the engine with throttle at the fast idle position and the choke valve closed. The engine should fire and quit. If it does, repeat step 2 above.
- 4) At this point, if the engine still will not start, unscrew the spark plugs and check the contacts. Clean any possible excess fuel (i.e. an indication of engine flooding) and screw them in again. Further starting should only be done with the throttle at idle position and the choke in the open position. If the plug is dry, then probably not enough fuel has been drawn into the carburetor. If that is the case, check for proper fuel feed and then return to the instructions given in paragraph 1.

Having started the engine, leave it running for about 5 minutes at a higher idle speed. Then run it for about 20 minutes, while changing revolutions from idle to 1/2–3/4 of the range and shortly holding each position—gradually prolong the holding periods. After 10 minutes of operation, open the throttle to maximum for a period of about one minute. At this point, stop the engine and let it cool down. Then restart it and check the adjustment. If everything is all right, you can make your first flight. During the first few flights. do not overload the engine and do not let it run at high revolutions for long periods of time (very important during hot weather). Use up all the fuel that was mixed with the oil that is included with your engine. From then on, fuel and oil should be mixed in the proportion 40:1.

Carburetor Adjustment

First, start and warm the engine for 30—45 seconds before attempting to adjust the carburetor. In order to confirm that your engine is properly adjusted, you should follow the procedure below.

- 1) Move the throttle from idle to 2/3 of the full throttle position quickly (fast acceleration). Then repeat three times if the engine accelerates smoothly, go to step 3 below. If acceleration is not smooth, go on to step 2.
- 2) Faulty acceleration and a tendency to quit is usually attributable to a poor fuel mixture in the medium rpm range. Stop the engine and recheck the fuel feed (the fuel line must not be pinched or broken). Restart the engine and test acceleration again. If the problem persists, adjust the carburetor. Open the low speed needle by 1/8 turn and retest. If acceleration is smooth, open the needle by another 1/8 turn—this should be done because the needle was previously set too lean; if atmospheric conditions have changed recently you may have to readjust the needle. If the engine continues to not accelerate properly, open the low speed needle by 10 minutes. If the engine's operation does not improve, shut it off and check the basic setting, restart the engine and test the acceleration. If the engine runs correctly, go to step 3. If it continues to not accelerate properly, open the low speed needle by another 10 minutes. If acceleration is faulty, the defect is likely to lie somewhere other than an incorrect adjustment.
- 3) If the engine accelerates correctly, according to the above test, set it at idle speed and accelerate to full speed. Repeat twice more. If the engine functions correctly, go to step 4. If it cuts out, open the low speed needle by another 1/8 turn more.
- 4) If the engine reacts correctly set it at full speed. If revolutions do not drop, the engine has been adjusted successfully. If revolutions seem to drop, open the high-speed needle by approx. 5—10 minutes.

Caution! The engine must be stopped while you adjust the carburetor in order to prevent injury by the propeller.

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Troubleshooting Guide

If the engine does not start

- check and use a new spark plug if needed.
 (Check the spark: Put the plug into the cable end and by turning the engine you'll see the necessary spark. Note: The plug must touch a metal part of the engine.)
- check fuel lines.
- check for proper mechanical function by turning the engine over.
- check that the carburetor is correctly installed.
- remove the carburetor cover from the feed side; check
 the filter and blow off carburetor with compressed air
 (Caution: When using compressed air, use eye protection.);
 when re-assembling be careful to maintain the proper order of
 the components.
- check the vacuum feed line.

Mechanical Faults

If the engine can not be turned over easily

- a likely cause is the piston in the cylinder is seized: loosen and unscrew the cylinder bolts.
- carefully remove the cylinder.
- visually examine the piston and crankcase to find the likely cause of the engine's mechanical problem.

Note: Mechanical repairs must always be completed by a professional service department.

Engine Specifications

45GX2

Bore	38mm	Maximum power output**	5.2 hp / 6200 rpm
Stroke	38mm	Maximum torque**	4.2 ft-lb / 6100 rpm
Displacement	45cc / 2.6 cu in		
Weight without ignition*	1290 g / 45.5 oz	Gasoline	Unleaded 95-octane
Weight of ignition unit	165 g / 5.8 oz	Lubrication	Oil w/gasoline
RPM range	1000–7500 rpm		in mixture 1:40

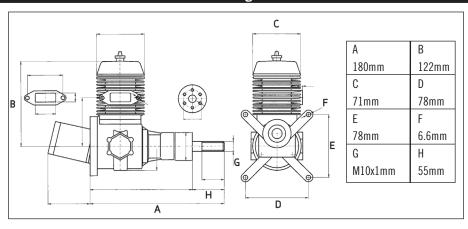
58GX2

Bore	42mm	Maximum power output**	8.5 HP / 6950 rpm
Stroke	42mm	Maximum torque**	5.1 ft-lb / 6400 rpm
Displacement	58cc / 3.6 cu in		
Weight without ignition*	1820 g / 64.2 oz	Fuel	Unleaded gasoline
Weight of ignition unit	165 g / 5.8 oz	Lubrication	Oil w/gasoline
RPM range	1000-7500 rpm		in mixture 1:40

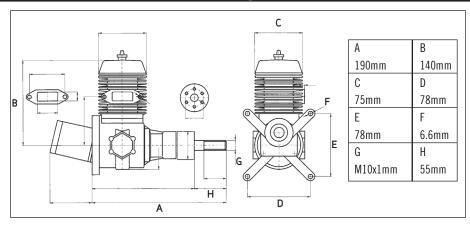
^{*} The value in the table above stands for the weight of a completely assembled engine, including the spark plug, carburetor, drive washer and prop screws.

^{**} Power output varies with the exhaust used. The value given in the table stands for the maximum available power output.

45GX2 Evolution Engine Dimensions



58GX2 Evolution Engine Dimensions



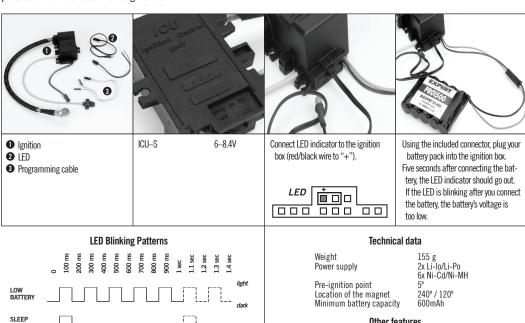
Evolution Engines Easy Start Ignition System

The spark ignition included with your Evolution® gas engine is a modern generation electronic ignition. There are many useful functions built into the microprocessor of this unit.

In addition to the basic ignition functions, the unit has a FAIL-SAFE feature: After 90 seconds of inactivity it automatically switches to an inactive state. In order to restart normal operation, it is necessary to turn the battery switch off and then back on. This function will preserve battery life should the switch be left in the on position during inactivity.

Installation of the Easy Start Ignition Unit

While installing the ignition unit in your model, be careful to have all parts that are connected to the unit and the engine situated as far as practical from the radio receiver and radio antenna. The throttle servo should be mounted a distance of 8-12 inches from the engine. The spark plug cable must not touch any part of the model structure as vibration may damage the cable. If this is not practical, it will be necessary to provide an insulation material for the cable. The ignition unit itself should be wrapped in foam rubber to prevent engine vibration from damaging the electronics. All components must be protected from contact with engine fuel.



Other features

Easy Start function Choice of pre-ignition curve Customizable pre-ignition curve* Sleep mode after 90 seconds of engine inactivity Battery level signalization Ignition goes off if engine runs counterclockwise *will be released later

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MODE

SHORT SII FNCFR

SILENCER

Programming Easy Start Function and Pre-Ignition Curve



- Ignition
- 2 LED
- Programming cable
- 4 Ignition battery
- Transmitter
- Receiver
- Receiver battery
- 8 Servo









Disconnect the ignition system's battery. Connect the LED indicator. Connect the throttle potentiometer

receiver.

outlet to the throttle channel on your

the ignition box (black or brown to "-" pin). Switch on your transmitter.

Connect the auto-choke servo to

Connect receiver battery with the

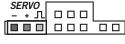
Connect ignition battery to the ignition.

Short Silencer Choke Settings (e.g., Pitts Style) 1) Using the throttle stick, close the choke

- until it closes completely. Wait until the LED blinks once, indicating the ignition has memorized the "closed choke" position.
- 2) Using the throttle stick, open the choke valve until it is all the way open. Wait until the LED blinks once indicating the ignition unit has memorized the "choke open" position.
- 3) Move the choke to the closed position and hold there for an additional 5 seconds, and the LED will blink rapidly, indicating that the Short Silencer Preignition program has been set. 4) Disconnect the receiver.

- Long Silencer Choke Settings (e.g., Canister or Tuned Pipe)
- 1) Using the throttle stick, close the choke until it closes completely. Wait until the LED blinks once, indicating the ignition has memorized the "closed choke" position.
- 2) Using the throttle stick, open the choke valve until it is all the way open. Wait until the LED blinks once indicating the ignition unit has memorized the "choke open" position.
- 3) Leave the choke open for an additional 5 seconds, and the LED will blink slowly, indicating that the Long Silencer Preignition program has been set.
- 4) Disconnect the receiver.





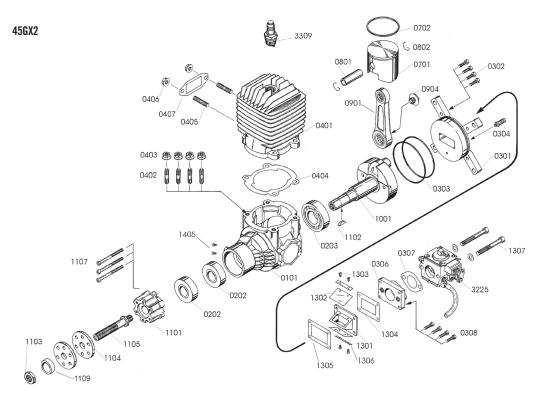
Warnings

Always do a range check with the engine running before the first flight. Use the ignition only in dry conditions. Use recommended number and type of cells for each ignition type. This product is specified for RC engines only. Do not remove the resister cover if the ignition is on.

WARNING: DANGER OF ELECTRIC SHOCK (VOLTAGE OVER 20,000V).

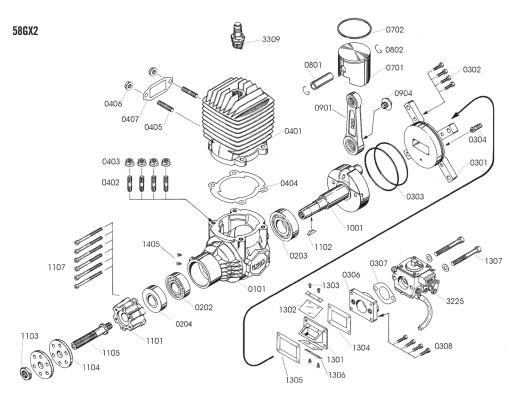
WARNING: The manufacturer is not responsible for damages caused by not following the manual and/or use with anything other than RC engines. WARNING: Because of possible interference, ignition and accumulators should be placed at least 25 cm from the receiver.

CAUTION: Use a standard servo with a current draw of less than 1.5A to operate the choke. Servos with a current draw greater than 1.5A, such as micro servos, digital servos and high-torque servos, consume more current than the ignition system's circuitry is designed to provide. If the servo you've connected quivers or won't work at all, its current draw is probably too high.



Part#	Description	Part #	Description		Part#	Description
EV030040101	Crankcase	EV030040701	Piston		EV030040307	Carburetor Flange Gasket
EV030040202	Front Bearing	EV030040702	Piston Ring	1	EV030040308	Carburetor Flange Screw Set
EV030040203	Rear Bearing	EV030040801	Piston Pin	1 1	EV030041301	Reed Valve Case
EV030040301	Rear Cover	EV030040802	Piston Pin Retainer	1	EV030041302	Reed Valve
EV030040302	Rear Cover Screw Set	EV030040901	Connecting Rod	1	EV030041303	Reed Valve Screws
EV030040303	Rear Cover 0-ring	EV030040904	Connecting Rod Washer	1	EV030041304	Reed Valve Gasket-upper
EV030940304	Pressure Nozzle	EV030041001	Crankshaft		EV030041305	Reed Valve Gasket-bottom
EV030040305	Pressure Nozzle Gasket	EV03004i1101	Prop Drive Washer 45gx2 Type 2] [EV030041306	Reed Valve Strap
EV03004i0401	Cylinder	EV030041102	Drive Washer Key	1	EV030041307	Carburetor Screws
EV030040402	Cylinder Screw Set	EV030041103	Propeller Nut	1	EV030011002	Electronic Ignition Unit Type 2
EV030040403	Cylinder Nut	EV030041104	Propeller Washer	1 1	EV030013309	Spark Plug Ngk5812 (Sm Cap)
EV030040404	Cylinder Gasket	EV030041105	Propeller Screw	1 1	EV030941405	Ignition Sensing Fixing Screws
EV030040405	Exhaust Screw Set	EV030041107	Propeller Screw Set	1	EV030043225	Carburetor
EV030040406	Exhaust Nut	EV030041109	Propeller Nut Washer	1 '		
EV030040407	Exhaust Flange Gasket	EV030040306	Carburetor Flange	1		

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Part#	Description	Part #	Description		Part#	Description
EV030010101	Crankcase	EV030010407	Exhaust Flange Gasket		EV030010307	Carburetor Flange Gasket
EV030010202	Front Bearing	EV030010701	Piston		EV030010308	Carburetor Flange Screw Set
EV030010203	Rear Bearing	EV030010702	Piston Ring		EV030011301	Reed Valve Case
EV030010204	Packing	EV030010801	Piston Pin		EV030011302	Reed Valve
EV030010301	Rear Cover	EV030010802	Piston Pin Retainer		EV030011303	Reed Valve Screws
EV030010302	Rear Cover Screw Set	EV030010901	Connecting Rod		EV030011304	Reed Valve Gasket-upper
EV030010303	Rear Cover O-ring	EV030010904	Connecting Rod Washer		EV030011305	Reed Valve Gasket-bottom
EV030940304	Pressure Nozzle	EV030011001	Crankshaft		EV030011306	Reed Valve Strap
EV030010305	Pressure Nozzle Gasket	EV03001i1101	Prop Drive Washer 58GX2 Type 2		EV030011307	Carburetor Screws
EV03001i0401	Cylinder	EV030011102	Drive Washer Key		EV030011002	Electronic Ignition Unit Type 2
EV030010402	Cylinder Screw Set	EV030011103	Propeller Nut		EV030013309	Spark Plug Ngk5812 (Sm Cap)
EV030010403	Cylinder Nut	EV030011104	Propeller Washer		EV030941405	Ignition Sensing Fixing Screws
EV030010404	Cylinder Gasket	EV030011105	Propeller Screw		EV030013227	Carburetor
EV030010405	Exhaust Screw Set	EV030011107	Propeller Screw Set] `		
EV030010406	Exhaust Nut	EV030010306	Carburetor Flange			





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