



**ATTO Technology, Inc.**

# **Installation and Operation Manual**

## **ATTO ExpressPCI FC 3300**

64-bit PCI-X to 2-Gigabit FC Host Adapter, SW optical LC SFF interface

## **ATTO ExpressPCI FC 3305**

64-bit PCI-X to 2-Gigabit FC Host Adapter, HSSDC interface

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# 1 ATTO ExpressPCI provides Fibre Channel solutions

*All ATTO ExpressPCI FC models have been designed to ensure interoperability with Fibre Channel devices and compatibility with a broad range of servers and workstations to meet your needs.*

The ATTO ExpressPCI FC 3300 and ExpressPCI FC 3305 host adapters offer high performance for your applications. Each conforms to a strict interpretation of Fibre Channel specifications to ensure the adapter will work with a variety of other SAN (Storage Area Network) components.

## ExpressPCI FC 3300

The ExpressPCI FC 3300 is a 2-Gigabit Fibre Channel to PCI-X bus host adapter with one fixed short wave optical LC connector.

It supports all Fibre Channel topologies, including point-to-point, arbitrated loop and fabric.

This adapter is capable of automatically sensing and switching between 1-Gigabit and 2-Gigabit speeds, allowing you to install the product in legacy SANs.

## Express PCI FC 3305

The ExpressPCI FC 3305 is comparable to the ExpressPCI FC 3300 host adapter with the exception of the interconnect style.

It is a 2-Gigabit Fibre Channel to PCI-X bus host adapter with a fixed, shrouded copper HSSDC interface capable of supporting all Fibre Channel topologies, including point-to-point, arbitrated loop and fabric.

This adapter is capable of sensing and switching between 1-Gigabit and 2-Gigabit speeds, allowing you to install the product in legacy SANs.

## Common features

- ❖ 2.125 Gigabit data transfer rates providing up to 400 MB/sec. throughput in full duplex mode
- ❖ Strict adherence to ANSI FC-AL-2, FC-PLDA, FC-Tape and FC-FLA specifications
- ❖ Supports point to point, arbitrated loop and direct fabric/switch attach topologies

- ❖ Class 2, Class 3 and Intermix support.
- ❖ ASPI and SCSI Manager 4.3 compatible
- ❖ Autonegotiate and set between 1-Gigabit and 2-Gigabit speeds
- ❖ Multiple initiator support
- ❖ LEDs for online and fault status
- ❖ Windows® XP/2000/NT; Windows 95/98, Linux, Sun® Solaris and Macintosh® OS, Mac OS X
- ❖ RAID kits available
- ❖ SNIA Fibre Channel host adapter API support

## Advanced SCSI support

- ❖ Supports Advanced Data Streaming (ADS™) Technology
- ❖ Supports SCSI-FCP over Fibre Channel
- ❖ Uses SCSI-3 tagged command queuing
- ❖ Large command FIFO
- ❖ Supports disconnect/reconnect
- ❖ Asynchronous I/O support
- ❖ Bootable from attached disks

## PCI features

- ❖ PCI 2.2 and PCI 99 compliant
- ❖ PCI BusMaster rate of 528 MB/sec. in 64-bit/66 MHz PCI slots
- ❖ 66MHz/64-bit PCI compatible. Backward compatible to 33MHz and 32-bit PCI

## Dimensions

- ❖ Length: 6.521 inches
- ❖ Height: 4.2 inches

## Environmental & physical specifications

- ❖ Operating temperature: 0-50°C
- ❖ Humidity: 10-90% non-condensing
- ❖ Airflow: 100 LFM (min.)

## PCI Signal Compatibility

- ❖ 3.3 Volts/5 Volts universal

## Power Requirements

- ❖ 1A @ 5V

## Fibre Channel host adapter selection guide

	2-Gigabit Adapters				
	FC 3342	FC 3322	FC 3321	FC 3300	FC 3305
Fibre Channel ports	4	2	2	1	1
Optical interface	SW, LC, SFP	SW, LC, SFP	SW, LC, SFF	Fixed SW LC	
Copper interface					HSSDC
Max. transfer rate	400 MB/sec per channel	400 MB/sec per channel	400 MB/sec per channel	400 MB/sec	400 MB/sec
Class transfers	2, 3	2, 3	2, 3	2, 3	2, 3
Full duplex	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
66/33 MHz PCI compatible	66 MHz only	✓	✓	✓	✓
133 MHz PCI-X compatible	✓	✓			
64- and 32-bit PCI compatible	64-bit only	✓	✓	✓	✓
Windows® XP/2000/NT	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Windows Server 2003	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Solaris/Linux		Linux	Linux	✓	✓
Mac OS X			Mac OSX	✓	✓
Mac OS 9				✓	✓
RAID support			Mac OSX	✓	✓
Maximum cable length	300m @ 2-Gb 500m @ 1-Gb	300m @ 2-Gb 500m @ 1-Gb	300m @ 2-Gb 500m @ 1-Gb	300m @ 2-Gb 500m @ 1-Gb	25 m (175m with MIA)

## 2 Fibre Channel is a key technology for storage

*Fibre Channel is a serial communications technology designed to transfer large amounts of data among a variety of hardware systems over long distances. It is a key technology for applications that require shared, high bandwidth access to storage.*

Fibre Channel provides a logical, point-to-point, serial channel for the transfer of data between a buffer at a source device and a buffer at a destination device. It moves buffer contents from one port to another, without regard to the format or meaning of the data so different upper level protocols are able to run over Fibre Channel hardware.

The Fibre Channel architecture is structured as a hierarchical set of protocol layers. Defined within these layers are rules for signal interfaces, serial encoding and decoding, error control, frame format and communications protocols.

ATTO ExpressPCI Fibre Channel host adapters carry SCSI protocol over Fibre Channel.

### Glossary

*Some terms used in the Fibre Channel industry are defined below. More information is available through the ATTO Technology website ([www.attotech.com](http://www.attotech.com)), the Fibre Channel Industry Association ([www.fibrechannel.com](http://www.fibrechannel.com)), Cern ([www.cern.ch](http://www.cern.ch)), the Storage Area Networking Industry Association ([www.snia.org](http://www.snia.org)), and the Fibre Channel Consortium ([www.iol.unh.edu/consortiums](http://www.iol.unh.edu/consortiums), click on FC).*

Term	Definition
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
arbitrate	process of selecting one L_Port from a collection of ports which ask for use of the arbitrated loop at the same time
arbitrated loop	a loop topology (FC-AL) in which two or more ports are interconnected, but only two ports can communicate at one time; low-cost solution which may or may not use hubs and switches
auto negotiation	hardware senses and automatically responds depending on configuration
BER	Bit Error Rate: a measure of transmission accuracy; the ratio of bits received in error to bits sent
bit	Smallest unit of data a computer can process: a single binary digit with a value of either 0 or 1
bus	a collection of unbroken signal lines used to transmit information from one part of a computer system to another; taps on the lines connect devices to the bus
Byte	an ordered set of 8 bits
channel	a point-to-point link which transports data from one point to another
CPU	Central Processing Unit: the portion of the computer that actually performs computations
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check: an error-correcting code which calculates a numeric value for received and transmitted data; if no error has occurred during transmission, the CRC for both received and transmitted data should be the same
destination address	a value in the frame header of each frame which identifies the port in the node where the frame is being sent
device driver	a program that allows a microprocessor to direct the operation of a peripheral device
DMA	Direct Memory Access: a way to move data from a storage device directly to RAM without using the CPU's resources
DMA bus master	Allows a peripheral to control the flow of data to and from system memory by block as opposed to allowing the processor to control the data by bytes (PIO or programmed I/O)

<b>Term</b>	<b>Definition</b>
fabric	A Fibre Channel switch or two or more Fibre Channel switches interconnected to physically transmit data between any two N_Ports on the switch or switches
FC	Fibre Channel
F_port	A port in the Fibre Channel fabric where a N_port may attach
FL_port	A port in the Fibre Channel fabric where a NL_port may attach in an arbitrated loop
frame	an indivisible unit for transfer of information in Fibre Channel
frame header	the first field in the frame containing the address and other control information about the frame
full duplex	a communication protocol which allows transmission in both directions at the same time
half duplex	a communication protocol which allows transmission in both directions, but only one direction at a time
host	a processor, usually a CPU and memory, which communicates with devices over an interface
initiator device	A component which originates a command
L_port	a port in an arbitrated loop, either a NL_port or a FL_port
LED	Light-emitting diode: a type of diode that emits light when current passes through it; visible LEDs are used as indicator lights on all sorts of electronic devices
LUN	Logical Unit Number: an identifier for a logical unit (0-7)
multi-mode fiber	an optical fiber which can carry several beams of light at once
N_port	a port attached to a node used with point to point or fabric configurations
NL_port	a port attached to a node in Fibre Channel arbitrated loop or fabric loop configuration
originator	an initiating device; a component which originates a command
parity checking	A method which verifies the accuracy of data transmitted over the SCSI bus by adding one bit in the transfer to make the sum of all the bits either odd or even (for odd or even parity); an error message occurs if the sum is not correct
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect. Allows peripherals to be connected directly to computer memory, bypassing the slower ISA and EISA busses
point-to-point	a topology where two ports communicate
port	an access point in a device: see N_port, NL_port, etc.
port address	also port number; the address, assigned by the PCI bus, through which commands are sent to a host adapter board
port number	see port address
receiver	the ultimate destination of data transmission; a terminal device
scatter/gather	a device driver feature which allows the host adapter to modify a transfer data pointer so that a single host adapter can access many segments of memory, minimizing interrupts and transfer overhead
SCSI	Small Computer Systems Interface: a processor-independent standard for system-level interface between a computer and intelligent devices including hard disks, floppy disks, CD-ROM, printers, scanners, etc.
single-mode fiber	an optical fiber with a small core which supports one wavelength (ray of light); the core radius is nearly equal to the wavelength of the source
topology	logical layout of the parts of a computer system or network and their interconnections
transceiver	a transmitter/receiver module
transfer rate	the rate at which bytes or bits are transferred, as in megabytes or gigabits per second

## 3 Hardware installation and initial configuration

*You will need a basic understanding of Fibre Channel before installing the ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter. Please refer to Chapter 2 for a list of Fibre Channel-related web sites.*

**WARNING** Remember to back up your system data before changing or installing hardware.

### System requirements

The ATTO Express PCI host adapter package contains the host adapter, the ATTO Express Pro-Tools CD and a warranty and registration card. If any of these items are missing, contact your ATTO authorized sales representative.

To install and use the ATTO ExpressPCI Fibre Channel adapter you will need:

- ❖ A computer with an available 32- or 64-bit PCI expansion slot.
- ❖ The complete ATTO ExpressPCI FC host adapter package.

### Fibre Channel address

ATTO ExpressPCI host adapters are configured with a unique address designated by the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers. The WorldWide Port Name (WWN) and Node name are the two components of the address assigned to Fibre Channel products. This address, which is stored in the Flash ROM on the ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter, allows the system to recognize it as a unique part of your configuration. The address is clearly marked on the back of the board for easy identification. Please keep a reference copy of the number in a safe place or write in the space provided below.

WWN: \_\_\_\_\_

### Installation

**WARNING** ATTO ExpressPCI host adapters contain components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). ESD can cause damage to the ExpressPCI host adapter. Please follow standard methods to avoid ESD.

- 1 Power down the computer and unplug the computer from all power sources.**
- 2 Open the case.**
- 3 Install the ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter in any open PCI expansion slot. If you have questions about how to install an expansion card in your system, consult your computer's documentation.**

If you have difficulty seating the ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter in 32-bit PCI bus computers, check to make sure the connector can accommodate 64-bit host adapters.

- 4 Connect Fibre Channel devices by inserting a Fibre Channel cable to the connector on the ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter until you hear a click. Refer to Exhibit 3-1 when selecting cables.**

The ATTO ExpressPCI FC 3300 has an embedded duplex LC optical connector and uses a short wave laser. A multimode cable must be used with short wave lasers. See Exhibit 3-1 for cable type and maximum distances.

The ATTO ExpressPCI FC 3305 has an embedded copper HSSDC connector. See Exhibit 3-1 for recommended cable types.

- 5 Close the case on the computer and power it up.**

### Cabling

Fibre Channel technology offers a variety of cabling options including standard copper, equalized copper, and fiber optic depending on the requirements of your environment.



Exhibit 3-1 Required connectors and recommended cables

host adapter	cable length	cable type	cable size	connector
ExpressPCI FC 3305	< 10 meters	unequalized copper		HSSDC
ExpressPCI FC 3305	up to 25 meters	equalized copper		HSSDC
ExpressPCI FC 3300	up to 500 meters	multi mode optical	50 micron	duplex LC optical

## Initial configuration

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ATTO ExpressPCI host adapters come preconfigured to operate properly in a variety of common system setups. However, some systems or setups may benefit by tuning the adapter for optimal performance.

ATTO Technology provides a variety of utilities for adapter configuration as described in the *ATTO ExpressPCI Utilities Installation and Operation Manual*.

Windows	ATTO ExpressPCI Configuration Tool or BIOS utilities (CTRL_F at boot)
Mac OS	ATTO ExpressPro-Tools
Mac OS X	ATTO ExpressPCI Configuration Tool

## 4 Installing/updating device drivers and firmware

*ExpressPCI FC host adapters require device drivers and firmware for proper operation. Your adapter firmware was properly flashed before shipment, but the firmware may need to be updated as new versions become available, or if the factory-installed version becomes corrupt. Visit the ATTO website, [www.attotech.com](http://www.attotech.com), to download the latest drivers and firmware.*

ATTO recommends using the same device driver and firmware version. To verify the version:

**Windows** Use the ATTO ExpressPCI Configuration Tool for complete information about the driver and firmware version or use a combination of the adapter boot string (firmware

version) during system boot and the Device Manager (driver version)

**Mac OS X** Use the ATTO ExpressPCI Configuration Tool (driver and firmware version available) or Apple System Profiler (driver version only)

### Windows 2000/XP driver installation

#### New installation

- 1 After initial devices have been loaded, the installer will prompt the user to *Specify Additional Device* by using the *S* option.
- 2 When prompted for vendor's disk, insert the ATTO ExpressPro-Tools CD-ROM, into the drive and press the *ENTER* key.
- 3 Select *ExpressPCI FC* and then press the *ENTER* key.
- 4 Continue the installation of the operating system. The Windows 2000 installation may request the ExpressPCI driver disk again.
- 5 Reboot the system.

#### Pre-existing installation

- 1 Boot into Windows 2000/XP. The *New Hardware Wizard* window will appear.
- 2 Click *Next*.
- 3 Choose the *Search for a suitable driver for my device* option.
- 4 Insert the ATTO ExpressPro-Tools CD.
- 5 In next window, be sure the CD-ROM is selected as the source for the driver.

- 6 Once the system finds the driver, click the *Next* button.
- 7 Click *Yes* when the system prompts to continue installation.
- 8 Reboot system.

#### Updating the Windows 2000 driver

- 1 Right-click *My Computer* and select *Properties*.
- 2 Select the *Hardware* tab and select *Device Manager*.
- 3 Right-click the *ATTO ExpressPCI adapter* description, located under *SCSI and RAID controllers*, and select *Properties*.
- 4 Go to the *Driver* tab and select *Update Driver*.
- 5 Select *Next*.
- 6 Choose the *Search for a suitable driver for my device* option.
- 7 Choose the appropriate path to the new driver location.
- 8 Once the system finds the driver, click the *Next* button.
- 9 Click *Yes* when the system prompts to continue installation.
- 10 Reboot system

### Windows NT driver installation

#### New installation

- 1 Begin the Windows NT installation using the Windows NT Installation floppy diskettes.
- 2 During the installation after initial devices have been loaded, the installer will prompt you to *Specify Additional Devices* by using the *S* option.
- 3 When prompted for vendor's disk, insert the ATTO ExpressPro-Tools CD-ROM into the drive and press the *ENTER* key.
- 4 Select *ExpressPCI FC* and then press the *ENTER* key.
- 5 Continue the installation of the operating system. The Windows NT installation may request the Express FC driver disk again.

#### Pre-existing installation

- 1 Enter the *Control Panel* on the *Start Menu* under *Settings*.
- 2 Locate and double click on the *SCSI Adapter* icon
- 3 Click on the *Drivers* tab and then the *Add* button.
- 4 When the *Install Driver* screen appears, select *Have Disk*.
- 5 Place the ATTO ExpressPro-Tools CD-ROM into the drive
- 6 Change the path in the *Copy Manufacturers files* from to the appropriate drive.
- 7 Select *ExpressPCI FC* and click *OK*.
- 8 When the driver is finished loading, reboot the system.

## Updating the Windows NT driver

- 1 Click on the Start menu and select Run.
- 2 Type in *RDISK.EXE* and press *ENTER* to create an emergency repair disk.
- 3 Double-click *My Computer* and open the *Control Panel*.
- 4 Double-click the *SCSI Adapter* icon.
- 5 Click on the *Driver* tab and highlight the *ATTO ExpressFC driver*.
- 6 Click on the *Remove* button to remove the old driver.
- 7 Click on the *Add* button and select *Have Disk*.
- 8 Insert the ATTO ExpressPro-Tools CD-ROM.
- 9 Enter the appropriate path to the drive
- 10 If prompted, select a *New* installation of the driver. Do not select *Current* installation.
- 11 Reboot your system.

## Mac OS X driver installation/update

### New or previous installation

- 1 Download the appropriate version of the device driver from the ATTO web site at [www.attotech.com](http://www.attotech.com).
- 2 Extract the file to your desktop.
- 3 Double click the installer icon and follow the on screen prompts
- 4 Reboot your system for the changes to take effect.
- 5 Current device driver version can be verified using the ATTO ExpressPCI Configuration Tool. Refer to the ExpressPCI Utilities Operation and Installation Manual for additional information.

## Re-flashing firmware

### To re-flash firmware in Windows or Mac OS X using the ATTO ExpressPCI Configuration Tool:

- 1 Download the most recent version of the Configuration Tool from the ATTO web site at [www.attotech.com](http://www.attotech.com).
- 2 Download the proper flash bundle (these are adapter specific) from the ATTO web site
- 3 Extract these files to your desktop and install the Configuration Tool on your system.
- 4 Launch the Configuration Tool.
- 5 In the *Device window*, select the adapter that needs to be updated.
- 6 In the *Flash window*, click on the *Browse* button to find the flash bundle that you previously downloaded to your desktop.
- 7 Click *Update* to update your flash
- 8 Reboot your system for the firmware changes to take effect
- 9 Refer to the ExpressPCI Utilities Operation and Installation Manual for additional information on using the Configuration Tool

### To re-flash firmware on a PC using the BIOS utilities:

- 1 Obtain the latest firmware from the ATTO web site [www.attotech.com](http://www.attotech.com) and extract it to a floppy disk by executing the self-extracting file.
- 2 Reboot the PC.
- 3 During the reboot process, an ATTO Technology banner will announce that the host adapter was detected. Enter *Control-F* when prompted to begin the set-up utility. This must be done within a few seconds after the banner appears, or you will not be able to enter the utility. If this happens, simply repeat step 3.
- 4 In the utility, select the *Upgrade Flash ROM* option and insert the disk into the drive slot.
- 5 Follow the on-screen instructions.
- 6 Remove the disk and reboot your system for the firmware changes to take effect

*Note: Firmware must be loaded from a floppy or from the internal hard drive because the CD-ROM drivers are not loaded at this point in the system boot process.*

## Linux and Sun Solaris driver installation

ATTO offers Linux and Sun Solaris drivers which are compatible with ExpressPCI host adapters. A complete download package, including all necessary installation instructions, is available on

the ExpressPro-Tools CD-ROM or directly from the ATTO web site. Please refer to these documents for installation instructions.

# 5 Troubleshooting

*This chapter contains solutions for the most common problems you might encounter. If you need additional assistance, please refer to the ATTO Technology web site ([www.attotech.com](http://www.attotech.com)) or contact an ATTO Technology authorized representative.*

## General suggestions

- ❖ Check each cable connection on every device. Verify all cables are in proper working condition. Loose or broken cables are often the cause of errors or problems.
- ❖ Check that your Fibre Channel devices are plugged into an AC outlet and are turned on before you add power to your computer.
- ❖ If using an MIA, check to see it is operating properly.

## Windows XP/2000

- ❖ If using an Intel-based PC, Fibre Channel drives should be booted up before the host computer. If the PC is powered up before the drives, the drives may not be visible to Windows.

### If the devices connected to the ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter are not accessible:

- 1 **Right-click *My Computer* and select *Properties*.**
- 2 **Select the *Hardware* tab and select *Device Manager*.**
- 3 **If the ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter does not appear under the SCSI and RAID controllers, shut down and make sure the ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter is properly seated in the PCI slot (remove power from the PC, remove its case, check the PCI slot, replace the case, apply power).**
- 4 **Reload the driver.**
- 5 **If the adapter has been identified but there is an exclamation point (!) on the listing, right click on the listing and select *Uninstall*. Reboot system and repeat the installation process. If problems persist, contact your authorized ATTO Technology representative.**

- ❖ If the card has been recently re-flashed with new firmware, the new Windows driver must be installed. Follow the procedure in Chapter 4.
- ❖ All of the external devices connected to the host adapter should be identified. If they do not appear in the *Device Manager*, the external devices or connection may not be working properly.
- ❖ For Intel-based PCs, check the computer CMOS setup and verify that the PCI slots are configured correctly. Procedures vary greatly: refer to the manual supplied with your system or call the computer supplier for configuration assistance. Windows 2000 is a Plug-n-Play OS: be sure your computer's BIOS is set accordingly.
- ❖ If these do not solve the problem, re-flash the host adapter and re-install the Windows 2000 driver.

## Windows NT

- ❖ If using an Intel-based PC, Fibre Channel drives should be booted up before the host computer. If the PC is powered up before the drives, the drives may not be visible to Windows NT.

### If the devices connected to ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter are not accessible:

- 1 **Open the *SCSI Adapters* utility in the *Control Panel* under *Settings*.**
- 2 **Verify the ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter 64-bit PCI Fibre Channel host adapter appears under the *Devices List*.**
- 3 **If it does not appear in the *Device List*, verify that the adapter is seated properly in the PCI slot (remove power from the PC, remove its case, check the PCI slot, replace the case, apply power).**

- 4 **If it has been identified, click on the *Drivers Tab* to see if the ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter driver has been started. It will say *Started* in the right hand column of the window. If the ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter driver appears but is not started, check on the device status. In the *Control Panel* click on *Devices* and scroll down to *expresfc*. Click *Startup* button. Startup type should be *Boot*. Click on *Hardware profiles*, status should be *Enabled*.**
- 5 **If *ExpressPCI FC* does not appear in the *Device List*, try reloading the driver software as described in Chapter 4 of this manual.**
- 6 **If it is started, go back to the *Devices* tab of the SCSI adapters utility window and double click on the ATTO ExpressPCI host adapter description, and then on the bus it is assigned to. All of the external devices connected in the loop should be identified. If they do not appear in the *Device List*, the external devices or connection are not working properly.**

- ❖ If the card has been recently re-flashed with new firmware, the new NT driver must be installed.
- ❖ For Intel-based PCs, check the computer CMOS setup and verify that the PCI slots are configured correctly. Procedures vary greatly: refer to the manual supplied with your system or call the computer supplier for configuration assistance.
- ❖ If these suggestions do not solve the problem, re-flash the host adapter and re-install the Windows NT driver.

### Macintosh

- ❖ Power up Fibre Channel drives before booting up your machine. If the Macintosh host is powered up before the drives, the drives may not automatically mount (depending on when the drives were powered on).
- ❖ Re-flash the card using the updater program (See Chapter 4). Select the unconditional flash option when attempting to re-flash the host adapter.

# Appendix A Standards and compliances

*The equipment described in this manual generates and uses radio frequency energy. The Technical Specification sheet for a particular ATTO ExpressPCI host bus adapter list certifications for that model.*



## FCC standards: radio and television interference

**WARNING** This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- ❖ Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- ❖ Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver
- ❖ Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected
- ❖ Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help



## Canadian standards

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.



## European standards

Declaration of Conformity

This following statement applies to the ATTO Express PCI host bus adapter.

This device has been tested in the basic operating configuration and found to be compliant with the following European Union standards:

Application of Council Directive: 89/336/EEC

Standard(s) to which conformity is declared: EN55024:1998

This Declaration will only be valid when this product is used in conjunction with other CE approved devices and when the entire system is tested to the applicable CE standards and found to be compliant.

## Usage restrictions

The use of optical instruments with this product will increase eye hazard.

The multimode transceiver (ATTO Express PCI FC 3300 only) is a Class 1 laser product complying with IEC 825-1 and FDA-21 CFR 1040.11. To meet laser safety requirements, the transceiver shall be operated within the maximum ratings. The laser is non-OFC compliant as it is a Class 1 device.

The optical ports of the modules must be terminated with an optical connector or with a dust plug.

**CAUTION** Failure to adhere to the above restrictions could result in a modification that is considered an act of “manufacturing” and will require, under law, recertification of the modified product with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (ref. 21 CFR 1040.10(i)).

## Appendix B Fibre Channel accessories

The following Fibre Channel accessories are available through ATTO Technology and authorized resellers. Contact an ATTO Technology authorized sales representative to order.

### Copper Cables

CBL-HSDB-03X	HSSDC to DB9 Copper Fibre Channel Cable – 3m.
CBL-HSDB-10X	HSSDC to DB9 Copper Fibre Channel Cable – 10m.
CBL-HSHS-03X	HSSDC to HSSDC Copper Fibre Channel Cable – 3m.
CBL-HSHS-10X	HSSDC to HSSDC Copper Fibre Channel Cable – 10m.

### Optical Cables

CBL-LCLC-003	3m. 50/125 optical cable (LC to LC)
CBL-LCLC-010	10m. 50/125 optical cable (LC to LC)
CBL-LCSC-003	3 m. 50/125 optical cable (LC to SC)
CBL-LCSC-010	10 m. 50/125 optical cable (LC to SC)

### MIA

ADAP-MIAS-BLK	Media Interface Adapter (MIA) Short Wave
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A variety of Fibre Channel and SCSI products are also available from ATTO Technology. Please contact your ATTO sales representative for product descriptions and part number information.

### Fibre Channel solutions

FC Rack System	Modular Fibre Channel rack
ATTO FibreBridge™	Fibre Channel-to-SCSI bridge
ATTO FibreCenter™	Fibre Channel Hub
ATTO ExpressPCI FCSW	1-Gigabit Fibre Channel Host Adapter
ATTO ExpressPCI FC 2600	1-Gigabit Fibre Channel Host Adapter
ATTO ExpressPCI FC 3300	2-Gigabit Fibre Channel Host Adapter
ATTO ExpressPCI FC 3305	2-Gigabit Fibre Channel Host Adapter
ATTO ExpressPCI FC 3321	2-Gigabit Fibre Channel Host Adapter, Dual Channel

### SCSI solutions

ATTO ExpressPCI Family of SCSI Host Adapters

### Software

ATTO Accelware	SAN (Storage Area Network) volume management software
ATTO ExpressRAID	Creates RAID groups across storage in networks
ATTO ExpressPro-Tools	Configuration and management software
ATTO ExpressStripe for OSX	MacOSX RAID and benchmark software



## Appendix C SCSI host adapter selection guide

ATTO Technology offers a number of SCSI and Fibre Channel solutions for storage. The following chart compares the features of ExpressPCI SCSI host adapters.

Supported platforms: Sun Solaris; Linux; NetWare; SCO Unix; Windows 2000, 95/98, NT, and Macintosh OS and OS X.

Complete RAID packages are also available and include an ExpressPCI SCSI host adapter, ExpressRAID software and appropriate cable(s). Add "-KIT" suffix to host adapter product code (i.e. EPCI-UL3D-KIT)

### Specific features

<i>Single Channel</i>	ExpressPCI Ultra 320	Express PCI Ultra 3	Express PCI Ultra Wide
Max. transfer rate	320 MB/sec	160 MB/sec.	40 MB/sec.
LVD	√	√	
HVD			
64-bit	√	√	
32-bit	√	√	√
33/66 MHZ	√	√	
133 MHZ	√		
Bus ID support	30	30	15
Part number	EPCI-UL4S	EPCI-UL3S	EPCI-PSC

<i>Dual Channel--- 2 independent channels</i>	ExpressPCI Ultra 320	Express PCI Ultra 3
Max. transfer rate	640 MB/sec	320 MB/sec.
LVD	√	√
64-bit	√	√
32-bit	√	√
33/66 MHZ	√	√
133 MHZ	√	
Bus ID support	30	30
Part number	EPCI-UL4D	EPCI-UL3D



## Appendix D Contact ATTO Technology, Inc.

Customer service, sales information and technical support are available by phone Monday through Friday, Eastern Standard Time 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., or by e-mail and web site 24-hours a day.

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